1	* b0549/1.1 * Section 3786c. 767.08 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	767.08 (2) (b) The court in the action shall, as provided under s. 767.25 or
3	767.26, determine and adjudge the amount, if any, the person should reasonably
4	contribute to the support and maintenance of the spouse or child and how the sum
5	should be paid. This amount may must be expressed as a percentage of the person's
6	income or as a fixed sum, or as a combination of both in the alternative by requiring
7	payment of the greater or lesser of either a percentage of the person's income or a
8	fixed sum unless the parties have stipulated to expressing the amount as a
9	percentage of the payer's income and the requirements under s. 767.10 (2) (am) 1. to
10	3. are satisfied. The amount so ordered to be paid may be changed or modified by the
11	court upon notice of motion or order to show cause by either party upon sufficient
12	evidence.
13	*b0549/1.1* Section 3786d. 767.10 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
14	767.10 (2) (am) A court may not approve a stipulation for expressing child
15	support or family support as a percentage of the payer's income unless all of the
16	following apply:
17	1. The state is not a real party in interest in the action under any of the
18	circumstances specified in s. 767.075 (1).
19	2. The payer is not subject to any other order, in any other action, for the
20	payment of child or family support or maintenance.
21	3. All payment obligations included in the order, other than the annual
22	receiving and disbursing fee under s. 767.29 (1) (d), are expressed as a percentage
23	of the payer's income.
24	*b0549/1.1* Section 3786e. 767.23 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (c) Subject to s. 767.477, requiring either party or both parties to make payments for the support of minor children, which payment amounts may must be expressed as a percentage of parental income or as a fixed sum, or as a combination of both in the alternative by requiring payment of the greater or lesser of either a percentage of parental income or a fixed sum unless the parties have stipulated to expressing the amount as a percentage of the payer's income and the requirements under s. 767.10 (2) (am) 1. to 3. are satisfied.

b0549/1.1 Section 3786f. 767.25 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.25 (1) (a) Order either or both parents to pay an amount reasonable or necessary to fulfill a duty to support a child. The support amount may must be expressed as a percentage of parental income or as a fixed sum, or as a combination of both in the alternative by requiring payment of the greater or lesser of either a percentage of parental income or a fixed sum unless the parties have stipulated to expressing the amount as a percentage of the payer's income and the requirements under s. 767.10 (2) (am) 1. to 3. are satisfied.

b0549/1.1 Section 3786g. 767.263 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.263 (1) Each order for child support, family support, or maintenance payments shall include an order that the payer and payee notify the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) of any change of address within 10 business days of such change. Each order for child support, family support, or maintenance payments shall also include an order that the payer notify the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) and the payee, within 10 business days, of any change of employer and of any substantial change in the amount of his or her income, including receipt of bonus compensation, such that his or her ability to pay child support, family support, or maintenance is affected. The order shall also include a statement

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that clarifies that notification of any substantial change in the amount of the payer's income will not result in a change of the order unless a revision of the order <u>under s. 767.32</u> or an annual adjustment of the child or family support amount <u>under s. 767.33</u> is sought.

-0529/6.9 Section 3787. 767.265 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.265 (1) Each order for child support under this chapter, for maintenance payments under s. 767.23 or 767.26, for family support under this chapter, for costs ordered under s. 767.51(3) or 767.62(4), for support by a spouse under s. 767.02(1)(f), or for maintenance payments under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or for, each order for or obligation to pay the annual receiving and disbursing fee under s. 767.29 (1) (d), each order for a revision in a judgment or order with respect to child support, maintenance, or family support payments under s. 767.32, each stipulation approved by the court or the family court commissioner for child support under this chapter, and each order for child or spousal support entered under s. 948.22 (7) constitutes an assignment of all commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, pension benefits, benefits under ch. 102 or 108, lottery prizes that are payable in instalments, and other money due or to be due in the future to the department or its designee. The assignment shall be for an amount sufficient to ensure payment under the order, obligation, or stipulation and to pay any arrearages due at a periodic rate not to exceed 50% of the amount of support due under the order, obligation, or stipulation so long as the addition of the amount toward arrearages does not leave the party at an income below the poverty line established under 42 USC 9902 (2).

-0529/6.10 Section 3788. 767.265 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.265 (1m) If a party's current obligation to pay maintenance, child support, spousal support, or family support or the annual receiving and disbursing fee

terminates but the party has an arrearage in the payment of one or more of those payments, the or in the payment of the annual receiving and disbursing fee, any assignment under sub. (1) shall continue in effect, in an amount up to the amount of the assignment before the party's current obligation terminated, until the arrearage is paid in full.

b0549/1.2 Section 3788g. 767.265 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.265 (3m) Benefits under ch. 108 may be assigned and withheld only in the manner provided in s. 108.13 (4). Any order to withhold benefits under ch. 108 may shall be for a percentage of benefits payable or for a fixed sum, or for a combination of both in the alternative by requiring the withholding of the greater or lesser of either a percentage of benefits payable or a fixed sum unless the court-ordered obligation on which the withholding order is based is expressed in the court order as a percentage of the payer's income, in which case an order to withhold benefits under ch. 108 shall be for a percentage of benefits payable. When money is to be withheld from these benefits, no fee may be deducted from the amount withheld and no fine may be levied for failure to withhold the money.

-0529/6.11 Section 3789. 767.29 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.29 (1) (d) For receiving and disbursing maintenance, child support, or family support payments, including arrears in any of those payments, and for maintaining the records required under par. (c), the department or its designee shall collect an annual fee of \$25 \\$35. The court or family court commissioner shall order each party ordered to make payments to pay the annual fee under this paragraph in each year for which payments are ordered or in which an arrearage in any of those payments is owed. In directing the manner of payment of the annual fee, the court or family court commissioner shall order that the annual fee be withheld from income

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and sent to the department or its designee, as provided under s. 767.265. All fees collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (3) (ja). At the time of ordering the payment of an annual fee under this paragraph, the court or family court commissioner shall notify each party ordered to make payments of the requirement to pay the annual fee and of the amount of the annual fee. If the annual fee under this paragraph is not paid when due, the department or its designee may not deduct the annual fee from the any maintenance or, child or family support, or arrearage payment, but may move the court for a remedial sanction under ch. 785.

-0529/6.12 SECTION 3790. 767.29 (1) (dm) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

767.29 (1) (dm) 1m. The department or its designee may collect any unpaid fees under s. 814.61 (12) (b), 1997 stats., that are shown on the department's automated payment and collection system on December 31, 1998, and shall deposit all fees collected under this subdivision in the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (3) (ja). The department or its designee may collect unpaid fees under this subdivision through income withholding under s. 767.265 (2m). If the department or its designee determines that income withholding is inapplicable, ineffective, or insufficient for the collection of any unpaid fees under this subdivision, the department or its designee may move the court for a remedial sanction under ch. 785. The department or its designee may contract with or employ a collection agency or other person for the collection of any unpaid fees under this subdivision and, notwithstanding s. 20.930, may contract with or employ an attorney to appear in any action in state or federal court to enforce the payment obligation. The department or its designee may

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not deduct the amount of unpaid fees from any maintenance or, child or family support, or arrearage payment.

b0549/1.3 Section 3793e. 767.32 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.32 (1) (a) After a judgment or order providing for child support under this chapter or s. 48.355 (2) (b) 4., 48.357 (5m) (a), 48.363 (2), 938.183 (4), 938.355 (2) (b) 4., 938.357 (5m) (a), 938.363 (2), or 948.22 (7), maintenance payments under s. 767.26, or family support payments under this chapter, or for the appointment of trustees under s. 767.31, the court may, from time to time, on the petition, motion, or order to show cause of either of the parties, or upon the petition, motion, or order to show cause of the department, a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22, or 46.23, or a county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) if an assignment has been made under s. 46.261, 48.57 (3m) (b) 2. or (3n) (b) 2., 49.19 (4) (h), or 49.45 (19) or if either party or their minor children receive aid under s. 48.57 (3m) or (3n) or ch. 49, and upon notice to the family court commissioner, revise and alter such judgment or order respecting the amount of such maintenance or child support and the payment thereof, and also respecting the appropriation and payment of the principal and income of the property so held in trust, and may make any judgment or order respecting any of the matters that such court might have made in the original action, except that a judgment or order that waives maintenance payments for either party shall not thereafter be revised or altered in that respect nor shall the provisions of a judgment or order with respect to final division of property be subject to revision or modification. A Except as provided in par. (d), a revision, under this section, of a judgment or order with respect to an amount of child or family support may be made only upon a finding of a substantial change in circumstances. In any action under this section to revise a judgment or order with respect to maintenance payments, a

1	substantial change in the cost of living by either party or as measured by the federal
2	bureau of labor statistics may be sufficient to justify a revision of judgment or order
3	with respect to the amount of maintenance, except that a change in an obligor's cost
4	of living is not in itself sufficient if payments are expressed as a percentage of income.
5	* b0549/1.3 * Section 3793f. 767.32 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
6	767.32 (1) (d) In an action under this section to revise a judgment or order with
7	respect to child or family support, the court is not required to make a finding of a
8	substantial change in circumstances to change to a fixed sum the manner in which
9	the amount of child or family support is expressed in the judgment or order.
10	*b0549/1.3* SECTION 3793g. 767.33 of the statutes is repealed and recreated
11	to read:
 12	767.33 Annual adjustments in support orders. (1) (a) An order for child
13	or family support under this chapter may provide for an annual adjustment in the
14	amount to be paid based on a change in the payer's income if the amount of child or
15	family support is expressed in the order as a fixed sum and based on the percentage
16	standard established by the department under s. 49.22 (9). No adjustment may be
17	made under this section unless the order provides for the adjustment.
18	(b) An adjustment under this section may not be made more than once in a year
19	and shall be determined on the basis of the percentage standard established by the
20	department under s. 49.22 (9).
21	(c) In the order the court or family court commissioner shall specify what
22	information the parties must exchange to determine whether the payer's income has
23	changed, and shall specify the manner and timing of the information exchange.
24	(2) If the court or family court commissioner provides for an annual
25	adjustment, the court or family court commissioner shall make available to the

- parties, including the state if the state is a real party in interest under s. 767.075 (1), a form approved by the court or family court commissioner for the parties to use in stipulating to an adjustment of the amount of child or family support and to modification of any applicable income—withholding order. The form shall include an order, to be signed by a judge or family court commissioner, for approval of the stipulation of the parties.
- (3) (a) If the payer's income changes from the amount found by the court or family court commissioner or stipulated to by the parties for the current child or family support order, the parties may implement an adjustment under this section by stipulating, on the form under sub. (2), to the changed income amount and the adjusted child or family support amount, subject to sub. (1) (b).
- (b) The stipulation form must be signed by all parties, including the state if the state is a real party in interest under s. 767.075 (1), and filed with the court. If the stipulation is approved, the order shall be signed by a judge or family court commissioner and implemented in the same manner as an order for a revision under s. 767.32. An adjustment under this subsection shall be effective as of the date on which the order is signed by the judge or family court commissioner.
- (4) (a) Any party, including the state if the state is a real party in interest under s. 767.075 (1), may file a motion, petition, or order to show cause for implementation of an annual adjustment under this section if any of the following applies:
- A party refuses to provide the information required by the court under sub.
 (1) (c).
 - 2. The payer's income changes, but a party refuses to sign the stipulation for an adjustment in the amount of child or family support.

(b) If the court or family court commissioner determines after a hearing that
an adjustment should be made, the court or family court commissioner shall enter
an order adjusting the child or family support payments by the amount determined
by the court or family court commissioner, subject to sub. (1) (b). An adjustment
under this subsection may not take effect before the date on which the party
responding to the motion, petition, or order to show cause received notice of the action
under this subsection.
(c) Notwithstanding par. (b), the court or family court commissioner may direct
that all or part of the adjustment not take effect until such time as the court or family
court commissioner directs, if any of the following applies:
1. The payee was seeking an adjustment and the payer establishes that
extraordinary circumstances beyond his or her control prevent fulfillment of the
adjusted child or family support obligation.
2. The payer was seeking an adjustment and the payee establishes that the

- 2. The payer was seeking an adjustment and the payee establishes that the payer voluntarily and unreasonably reduced his or her income below his or her earning capacity.
- 3. The payer was seeking an adjustment and the payee establishes that the adjustment would be unfair to the child.
- (d) If in an action under this subsection the court or family court commissioner determines that a party has unreasonably failed to provide the information required under sub. (1) (c) or to provide the information on a timely basis, or unreasonably failed or refused to sign a stipulation for an annual adjustment, the court or family court commissioner may award to the aggrieved party actual costs, including service costs, any costs attributable to time missed from employment, the cost of travel to and from court, and reasonable attorney fees.

(5) Nothing in this section affects a party's right to file at any time a motion, petition, or order to show cause under s. 767.32 for revision of a judgment or order with respect to an amount of child or family support.

-0426/4.51 SECTION 3794. 767.62 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.62 (5) (b) If a court in a proceeding under par. (a) determines that the man is not the father of the child, the court shall vacate any order entered under sub. (4) with respect to the man. The court or the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall notify the state registrar, in the manner provided in s. 69.15 (1) (b), to remove the man's name as the father of the child from the child's birth certificate. No paternity action may thereafter be brought against the man with respect to the child.

-1394/2.76 SECTION 3795. 778.02 of the statutes is amended to read:

forfeiture action shall be in the name of the state of Wisconsin, and it is sufficient to allege in the complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount of the forfeiture claimed, according to the provisions of the statute that imposes it, specifying the statute and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06 (4) (c) or (5) (c), any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the statute imposes a forfeiture for several offenses or delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offense or delinquency for which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable enforcement assessment, any

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applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment. If the defendant is a nonresident of the state, an attachment may issue.

-1394/2.77 SECTION 3796. 778.03 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.03 Complaint to recover forfeited goods. In an action to recover property forfeited by any statute it shall be sufficient to allege in the complaint that the property has been forfeited, specifying the statute, with a demand of judgment for the delivery of the property, or the value thereof and for payment of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06 (4) (c) or (5) (c), any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1).

-1394/2.78 SECTION 3797. 778.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.06 Action for what sum. When a forfeiture is imposed, not exceeding a specific sum or when it is not less than one sum or more than another, the action may be brought for the highest sum specified and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06 (4) (c) or (5) (c), any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1); and judgment may be rendered for such sum as the court or jury shall assess or determine to be proportionate to the offense.

-1394/2.79 SECTION 3798. 778.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

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778.10 Municipal forfeitures, how recovered. All forfeitures imposed by any ordinance or regulation of any county, town, city, or village, or of any other domestic corporation may be sued for and recovered, under this chapter, in the name of the county, town, city, village, or corporation. It is sufficient to allege in the complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount of the forfeiture claimed, specifying the ordinance or regulation that imposes it and of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the ordinance or regulation imposes a penalty or forfeiture for several offenses or delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offenses or delinquency for which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). All moneys collected on the judgment shall be paid to the treasurer of the county, town, city, village, or corporation, except that all jail assessments shall be paid to the county treasurer.

-1394/2.80 Section 3799. 778.105 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.105 Disposition of forfeitures. Revenues from forfeitures imposed by any court or any branch thereof for the violation of any municipal or county ordinance shall be paid to the municipality or county. Penalty assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 757.05. Jail assessment payments shall be made as

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provided in s. 302.46 (1). Crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment payments shall be paid as provided in s. 165.755. Domestic abuse assessments shall be made as provided in s. 973.055. Consumer information protection assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 100.261.

-1394/2.81 Section 3800. 778.13 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.13 Forfeitures collected, to whom paid. All moneys collected in favor of the state for forfeiture, except the portion to be paid to any person who sues with the state, shall be paid by the officer who collects the forfeiture to the treasurer of the county within which the forfeiture was incurred within 20 days after its receipt. In case of any failure in the payment the county treasurer may collect the payment of the officer by action, in the name of the office and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid. Penalty assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 757.05. Jail assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 302.46 (1). Crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment payments shall be paid as provided in s. 165.755. Domestic abuse assessments shall be made as provided in s. 973.055. Enforcement assessments shall be made as provided in s. 253.06 (4) (c). Consumer information protection assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 100.261.

-1394/2.82 Section 3801. 778.18 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.18 Penalty upon municipal judge. If any municipal judge, of his or her own will, dismisses any action brought before the judge under this chapter, unless by order of the district attorney or attorney general or the person joined as plaintiff with the state, or renders a less judgment therein than is prescribed by law, or releases or discharges any such judgment or part thereof without payment or

collection, the judge and the judge's sureties shall be liable, in an action upon the judge's bond, for the full amount of the forfeitures imposed by law or of the forfeiture imposed by the judge and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), or for an amount equal to the amount in which any such judgment or any part thereof is released or discharged. If any municipal judge gives time or delay to any person against whom any such judgment is rendered by the judge, or takes any bond or security for its future payment, the judge and the judge's sureties shall also be liable for the payment of the judgment upon the judge's bond.

-1394/2.98 SECTION 3817. 800.02 (2) (a) 8. of the statutes is amended to read: 800.02 (2) (a) 8. Notice that, if the defendant makes a deposit and fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, the defendant is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not to exceed the amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the court may decide to summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and plea.

-1394/2.99 SECTION 3818. 800.02 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read: 800.02 (3) (a) 5. A plain and concise statement of the violation identifying the event or occurrence from which the violation arose and showing that the plaintiff is entitled to relief, the ordinance, resolution or bylaw upon which the cause of action

is based and a demand for a forfeiture, the amount of which shall not exceed the maximum set by the statute involved, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, any applicable domestic abuse assessment, and such other relief that is sought by the plaintiff.

-1394/2.100 Section 3819. 800.03(3) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.03 (3) The amount of the deposit shall be set by the municipal judge, but shall not be effective until approved by the governing body of the municipality. The amount shall not exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information protection assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261, and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1), plus court costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1).

-1394/2.101 Section 3820. 800.04 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.04 (2) (b) If the municipal judge determines that the defendant should not be released under par. (a) and the defendant is charged with a traffic or boating violation, the municipal judge shall release the defendant on a deposit in the amount established by the uniform deposit schedule under s. 345.26 (2) (a) or under s. 23.66. For other violations, the municipal judge shall establish a deposit in an amount not to exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information

protection assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261, and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1). If the judge in a 1st class city determines that a defendant appearing before the judge through interactive video and audio transmission should not be released under par. (a), the judge shall inform the defendant that he or she has the right to appear personally before a judge for a determination, not prejudiced by the first appearance, as to whether he or she should be released without a deposit. On failure of the defendant to make a deposit under this paragraph, he or she may be committed to jail pending trial only if the judge finds that there is a reasonable basis to believe the person will not appear in court.

-1394/2.102 Section 3821. 800.04 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.04 (2) (c) If the defendant has made a deposit under par. (b) or s. 800.03 and does not appear, he or she is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, a jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), a crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall issue a warrant under s. 968.09. If the defendant has made a deposit but does appear, the court shall allow the defendant to withdraw the plea of no contest.

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-1394/2.103 SECTION 3822. 800.09 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1) JUDGMENT. (intro.) If a municipal court finds a defendant guilty it may render judgment by ordering restitution under s. 800.093 and payment of a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs of prosecution, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1). The court shall apply any payment received on a judgment that includes restitution to first satisfy any payment of restitution ordered, then to pay the forfeiture, assessments, and costs. If the judgment is not paid, the court may proceed under par. (a), (b), or (c) or any combination of those paragraphs, as follows:

-1394/2.104 SECTION 3823. 800.09 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.09 (1) (a) The court may defer payment of any judgment or provide for instalment payments. At the time the judgment is rendered, the court shall inform the defendant, orally and in writing, of the date by which restitution and the payment of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs must be made, and of the possible consequences of failure to do so in timely fashion, including imprisonment, as provided in s. 800.095, or suspension of the defendant's motor vehicle operating privilege, as provided in par. (c), if applicable. If the defendant is not present, the court shall ensure that the information is sent to the defendant by mail. In 1st class cities, all of the written information required

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by this paragraph shall be printed in English and Spanish and provided to each defendant.

-1394/2.105 Section 3824. 800.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.09 (2) (b) If the person charged fails to appear personally or by an attorney at the time fixed for hearing of the case, the defendant may be deemed to have entered a plea of no contest and the money deposited, if any, or such portion thereof as the court determines to be an adequate penalty, plus the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), may be declared forfeited by the court or may be ordered applied upon the payment of any penalty which may be imposed, together with the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. Any money remaining after payment of any penalties, assessments, costs, and restitution shall be refunded to the person who made the deposit.

-1394/2.106 Section 3825. 800.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.10 (2) All forfeitures, fees, penalty assessments, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information protection assessments, domestic abuse assessments, and costs paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the municipal treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel. At the time of

the payment, the municipal judge shall report to the municipal treasurer the title of the action, the offense for which a forfeiture was imposed and the total amount of the forfeiture, fees, penalty assessments, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information protection assessments, domestic abuse assessments, and costs, if any. The treasurer shall disburse the fees as provided in s. 814.65 (1). All jail assessments paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the county treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel.

-1394/2.107 Section 3826. 800.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.12 (2) A municipality may by ordinance provide that a municipal judge may impose a forfeiture for contempt under sub. (1) in an amount not to exceed \$50 or, upon nonpayment of the forfeiture, penalty assessment under s. 757.05, jail assessment under s. 302.46, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment under s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment under s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment under s. 973.055 (1), a jail sentence not to exceed 7 days.

-0606/2.1 Section 3827. 801.02 (7) (a) 1. of the statutes is repealed.

-0606/2.2 Section 3828. 801.02 (7) (a) 2. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

801.02 (7) (a) 2. (intro.) "Prisoner" means any person who is incarcerated, imprisoned, or otherwise detained in a correctional institution or and who is in the custody of the department of corrections or of the sheriff, superintendent, or other keeper of a jail or house of corrections or any person who is arrested or otherwise detained by a law enforcement officer. "Prisoner" does not include any of the following:

1	*b0428/1.2* Section 3828p. 808.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	808.04 (2) An appeal under s. 9.10 (4) (c), 227.60, or 799.445 shall be initiated
3	within 15 days after entry of the judgment or order appealed from.
4	*b0549/1.4* Section 3828r. 808.075 (4) (d) 3. of the statutes is amended to
5	read:
6	808.075 (4) (d) 3. Annual adjustment of child or family support under s. 767.33.
7	*-0448/3.1* Section 3829. 808.075 (4) (fn) 10. of the statutes is created to read:
8	808.075 (4) (fn) 10. Extension, under s. 938.538 (4m) (a) 2., of a placement
9	under s. 938.538 (3) (a) 1.
10	*-0606/2.3* Section 3830. 813.02 (1) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	813.02 (1) (c) 1. The court may not issue the injunction until giving notice and
12	an opportunity to be heard on the request for a preliminary injunction to the attorney
13	general, if the case involves a prisoner in a state correctional institution, as defined
14	in s. 801.02 (7) (a) 1. the custody of the department of corrections, or to the attorney
15	representing the local correctional institution involved and to all other interested
16	parties. Any injunction issued without giving notice and an opportunity to be heard
17	is void.
18	*b0458/2.1* Section 3830d. 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
19	to read:
20	813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) A judge or court commissioner may issue a temporary
21	restraining order ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of
22	another person, to avoid the petitioner's residence, except as provided in par. (am),
23	or any premises temporarily occupied by the petitioner or both, or any combination
24	of these remedies requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:
25	*b0458/2.1* Section 3830f. 813.125 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

1	813.125 (3) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, and the
2	respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides, and the petitioner has
3	no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the
4	petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or court commissioner may order the
5	respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the petitioner relocates
6	and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the duration of the
7	order.
8	*b0458/2.1* Section 3830h. 813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
9	to read:
10	813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) A judge or court commissioner may grant an injunction
11	ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another person, to avoid
12	the petitioner's residence, except as provided in par. (am), or any premises
13	temporarily occupied by the petitioner or both, or any combination of these remedies
14	requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:
15	*b0458/2.1* Section 3830j. 813.125 (4) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
16	813.125 (4) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, and the
17	respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides, and the petitioner has
18	no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the
19	petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or court commissioner may order the
20	respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the petitioner relocates
21.	and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the duration of the
22	order.
23	* b0549/1.5 * Section 3830m. 814.04 (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
24	Wisconsin Act 6, is amended to read:

1	814.04 Items of costs. (intro.) Except as provided in ss. 93.20, 100.30 (5m),
2 ,	106.50 (6) (i) and (6m) (a), 115.80 (9), 281.36 (2) (b) 1., 767.33 (4) (d), 769.313, 814.025,
3	814.245, 895.035 (4), 895.10 (3), 895.75 (3), 895.77 (2), 895.79 (3), 895.80 (3), 943.212
4	(2) (b), 943.245 (2) (d) and 943.51 (2) (b), when allowed costs shall be as follows:
5	*-0454/3.8* Section 3832. 814.60 (2) (ai) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	814.60 (2) (ai) Consumer information protection assessment imposed by s.
7	100.261. 3832c
8	* b0336/2.22 * SECTION 3832/m 814.60 (2) (eg) of the statutes is created to read:
9	814.60 (2) (eg) Truck driver education assessment imposed by s. 349.04.
10	*b0246/1.1* Section 3832k. 814.615 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to
11	read:
12	814.615 (1) (a) 3. For a study under s. 767.11 (14), a fee of \$300 \$500.
13	*b0338/1.6* Section 3832m. 814.63 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	814.63 (1) (c) This subsection does not apply to an action for a violation of s.
15	101.123 (2) (a), (am) 1., (ar) or, (bm), or (br) or (5) or a safety belt use violation under
16	s. 347.48 (2m).
17	*-0454/3.9* Section 3834. 814.63 (3) (ai) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	814.63 (3) (ai) Consumer information protection assessment imposed by s.
19	100.261.
20	*b0336/2.23* Section 3834m. 814.63 (3) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
21	814.63 (3) (g) Truck driver education assessment imposed by s. 349.04.
22	*b0247/3.1* Section 3836d. 814.67 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to
23	read:
24	814.67 (1) (b) 2. For interpreters, \$35 per one-half day \$20 per hour.
25	*b0703/1.2* SECTION 3836r. 814.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

814.69 (1) (b) For a transcript under s. 757.57 (5), a fee from the party
requesting the transcript at the rate of $\$1.75$ $\$2.25$ per 25-line page for the original
and $60 \underline{50}$ cents per 25-line page for each copy. If the request is by the state or any
political subdivision thereof, the fees of the reporter shall be at the rates provided in
par. (a).

b0703/1.2 Section 3836s. 814.69 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 814.69 (1) (bm) If a party requests that a transcript under s. 757.57 (5) be prepared within 7 days after the request and the transcript is not required by supreme court rule or statute to be prepared within that 7-day period, a fee in addition to the fee under par. (b) of 75 cents per 25-line page for the original and 25 cents for each copy. The fee under this paragraph does not apply to a request made by the state or a political subdivision of the state.

-0433/4.1 Section 3843. 867.035(1)(a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.035 (1) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in Subject to par. (bm), the department of health and family services may collect from the property of a decedent, including funds of a decedent that are held by the decedent immediately before death in a joint account or a P.O.D. account, by affidavit under this section sub. (2) or by lien under sub. (2m) an amount equal to the medical assistance that is recoverable under s. 49.496 (3) (a), the long-term community support services under s. 46.27 that is recoverable under s. 46.27 (7g) (c) 1., the family care benefit that is recoverable under rules promulgated under s. 46.286 (7), or the aid under s. 49.68, 49.683, or 49.685 that is recoverable under s. 49.682 (2) (a) and that was paid on behalf of the decedent or the decedent's spouse, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

-0433/4.2 Section 3844. 867.035 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	867.035 (1) (a) 1. No person files a petition for administration or summary
2	settlement or assignment of the decedent's estate within 20 days of death.
3	*-0433/4.3* Section 3845. 867.035 (1) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
4	to read:
5	867.035 (1) (bm) (intro.) The department of health and family services may not
6	collect by affidavit under this section from any of shall reduce the amount of its
7	recovery under par. (a) by up to the amount specified in s. 861.33 (2) if necessary to
8	allow the decedent's heirs or beneficiaries under the decedent's will to retain the
9	following personal property of the decedent:
10	*-0433/4.4* Section 3846. 867.035 (1) (bm) 1. of the statutes is repealed.
11	*-0433/4.5* SECTION 3847. 867.035 (1) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to
12	read:
13	867.035 (1) (bm) 2. Wearing apparel and jewelry held for personal use.
14	*-0433/4.6* SECTION 3848. 867.035 (1) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to
15	read:
16	867.035 (1) (bm) 3. Household furniture, furnishings, and appliances.
17	*-0433/4.7* SECTION 3849. 867.035 (1) (bm) 4. of the statutes is repealed and
18	recreated to read:
19	867.035 (1) (bm) 4. Other tangible personal property not used in trade,
20	agriculture, or other business, not exceeding in value the amount specified in s.
21	861.33 (1) (a) 4.
22	*-0433/4.8* Section 3850. 867.035 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	867.035 (2) A person who possesses property of a decedent shall transmit the
24	property to the department of health and family services, if the conditions in sub. (1)
25	(a) 1. to 4. are satisfied, upon receipt of an affidavit by a person designated by the

	1	secretary of health and family services to administer this section showing that the
	2	conditions in sub. (1) (a) are satisfied department paid on behalf of the decedent or
	3	the decedent's spouse recoverable benefits specified in sub. (1) (a). Upon transmittal,
	4	the person is released from any obligation to other creditors or heirs of the decedent.
	5	*-0433/4.9* Section 3851. 867.035 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
	6	867.035 (2m) (a) If the conditions in sub. (1) (a) 1., 2., and 4. are satisfied, the
	7	department of health and family services shall have a lien in the amount that it may
	8	recover under sub. (1) (a) on any interest in the decedent's home, as defined in s.
	9	49.496 (1) (b), transferred under s. 867.03 (1g). The department may record the lien
	10	in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the real property is located.
	11	The department may enforce the lien by foreclosure in the same manner as a
)	12	mortgage on real property, unless any of the following is alive:
	13	1. The decedent's spouse.
	14	2. A child of the decedent if the child is under age 21 or disabled, as defined in
	15	s. 49.468 (1) (a) 1.
	16	(b) If the conditions in sub. (1) (a) 1. to 4. are satisfied, the department of health
	17	and family services shall have a lien in the amount that it may recover under sub.
	18	(1) (a) on any interest in any real property of the decedent transferred under s. 867.03
	19	(1g). The department may record the lien in the office of the register of deeds of the
	20	county in which the real property is located and may enforce the lien by foreclosure
	21	in the same manner as a mortgage on real property.
	22	*-0094/5.3* SECTION 3852. 885.37 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
)	23	885.37 (title) Interpreters for persons with language difficulties or
<i>‡</i>	24	hearing or speaking impairments limited English proficiency.

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1	*-0094/5.4* Section 3853. 885.37 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 885.37
2	(1m), and 885.37 (1m) (b), as renumbered, is amended to read:
3	885.37 (1m) (b) If a court has notice that a person who fits any of the criteria
4	under par. (a) has -a language difficulty because of the inability to speak or
5	understand English, has a hearing impairment, is unable to speak or has a speech
6	defect the court shall make a factual determination of whether the language
7	difficulty or the hearing or speaking impairment is sufficient to prevent the
8	individual from communicating with his or her attorney, reasonably understanding
9	the English testimony or reasonably being understood in English. If the court
10	determines that, limited English proficiency and that an interpreter is necessary, the
11	court shall advise the person that he or she has a right to a qualified interpreter and
12	that, if the person cannot afford one, an interpreter will be provided for him or her
13	at the public's expense. Any waiver of the right to an interpreter is effective only if
14	made voluntarily in person, in open court and on the record.
15	*-0094/5.5* Section 3854. 885.37 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
16	885.37 (1g) In this section, "limited English proficiency" means any of the
17	following:
18	(a) The inability, because of the use of a language other than English, to
19	adequately understand or communicate effectively in English in a court proceeding.
20	(b) The inability, due to a speech impairment, hearing loss, deafness,
21	deaf-blindness, or other disability, to adequately hear, understand, or communicate
22	effectively in English in a court proceeding.
23	*-0094/5.6* Section 3855. 885.37 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

885.37 (2) A court may authorize the use of an interpreter in actions or

proceedings in addition to those specified in sub. (1) (1m).

-0094/5.7 SECTION 3856. 885.37 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
885.37 (3) (b) In any administrative contested case proceeding before a state,
county, or municipal agency, if the agency conducting the proceeding has notice that
a party to the proceeding has a language difficulty because of the inability to speak
or understand English, has a hearing impairment, is unable to speak or has a speech
defect, the agency shall make a factual determination of whether the language
difficulty or hearing or speaking impairment is sufficient to prevent the party from
communicating with others, reasonably understanding the English testimony or
reasonably being understood in English. If the agency determines limited English
proficiency and that an interpreter is necessary, the agency shall advise the party
that he or she has a right to a qualified interpreter. After considering the party's
ability to pay and the other needs of the party, the agency may provide for an
interpreter for the party at the public's expense. Any waiver of the right to an
interpreter is effective only if made at the administrative contested case proceeding.
-0094/5.8 Section 3857. 885.37 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:
885.37 (3m) Any agency may authorize the use of an a qualified interpreter in
a contested case proceeding for a person who is not a party but who has a substantial
interest in the proceeding.
-0094/5.9 Section 3858. 885.37 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
read:
885.37 (4) (a) (intro.) The necessary expense of furnishing an a qualified
interpreter for an indigent person under sub. (1) $(1m)$ or (2) shall be paid as follows:
-0094/5.10 SECTION 3859. 885.37 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	885.37 (4) (b) The necessary expense of furnishing an a qualified interpreter
2	for an indigent party under sub. (3) shall be paid by the unit of government for which
3	the proceeding is held.
4	*-0094/5.11* SECTION 3860. 885.37 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	885.37 (5) (a) If a court under sub. (1) $(1m)$ or (2) or an agency under sub. (3)
6	decides to appoint an interpreter, the court or agency shall follow the applicable
7	procedure under par. (b) or (c).
8	*-0094/5.12* SECTION 3861. 885.37 (6) to (10) of the statutes are created to
9	read:
10	885.37 (6) (a) If a person with limited English proficiency requests the
11	assistance of the clerk of circuit courts regarding a legal proceeding, the clerk may
12	provide the assistance of a qualified interpreter to respond to the person's inquiry.
13	(b) A qualified interpreter appointed under this section may, with the approval
14	of the court, provide interpreter services outside the court room that are related to
15	the court proceedings, including during court-ordered psychiatric or medical exams
16	or mediation.
17	(7) (a) A person with limited English proficiency may waive the right to a
18	qualified interpreter at any point in the court proceeding if the court advises the
19	person of the nature and effect of the waiver and determines on the record that the
20	waiver has been made knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily.
21	(b) At any point in the court proceeding, for good cause, the person with limited
22	English proficiency may retract his or her waiver and request that a qualified
23	interpreter be appointed.

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(c) Any party to a co	ourt proceeding may object to the	use of any qualified
interpreter for good cause.	The court may remove a qualified	d interpreter for good
cause.		

- (8) Every qualified interpreter, before commencing his or her duties in a court proceeding, shall take a sworn oath that he or she will make a true and impartial interpretation. The supreme court may approve a uniform oath for qualified interpreters.
- (9) The delay resulting from the need to locate and appoint a qualified interpreter may constitute good cause for the court to toll the time limitations in the court proceeding.

b0218/2.1 **Section 3862c.** 891.45 of the statutes is renumbered 891.45 (2) and amended to read:

891.45 (2) In any proceeding involving the application by a state, county, or municipal fire fighter or his or her beneficiary for disability or death benefits under s. 66.191, 1981 stats., or s. 40.65 (2) or any pension or retirement system applicable to fire fighters, where at the time of death or filing of application for disability benefits the deceased or disabled municipal fire fighter had served a total of 5 years as a state, county, or municipal fire fighter and a qualifying medical examination given prior to the time of his or her joining the department becoming a state, county, or municipal fire fighter showed no evidence of heart or respiratory impairment or disease, and where the disability or death is found to be caused by heart or respiratory impairment or disease, such finding shall be presumptive evidence that such impairment or disease was caused by such employment. In this section, "municipal fire fighter" includes any person designated as primarily a fire fighter

1	under s. 61.66 (2) and any person under s. 61.66 whose duties as a fire fighter during
2	the 5-year qualifying period took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
3	* b0218/2.1 * SECTION 3862h. 891.45 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
4	891.45 (1) In this section:
5	(a) "County fire fighter" means any person employed by a county whose duties
6	primarily include active fire suppression or prevention.
7	(b) "Municipal fire fighter" includes any person designated as primarily a fire
8	fighter under s. 61.66 (2) and any person under s. 61.66 whose duties as a fire fighter
9	during the 5-year qualifying period took up at least two-thirds of his or her working
10	hours.
11	(c) "State fire fighter" means any person employed by the state whose duties
12	primarily include active fire suppression or prevention and who is a protective
13	occupation participant, as defined in s. 40.02 (48).
14	*b0218/2.1* SECTION 3862p. 891.455 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	891.455 (1) In this section, "state, county, or municipal fire fighter" means a
16	municipal fire fighter who is covered under s. 891.45 and any person under s. 61.66
17	whose duties as a fire fighter during the 10-year qualifying period specified in sub.
18	(2) took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
19	*b0218/2.1* Section 3862t. 891.455 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	891.455 (2) Beginning with applications submitted by a municipal fire fighter
21	or his or her beneficiary on May 12, 1998, in In any proceeding involving an
22	application by a state, county, or municipal fire fighter or his or her beneficiary for
23	disability or death benefits under s. 66.191, 1981 stats., or s. 40.65 (2) or any pension
24	or retirement system applicable to fire fighters, where at the time of death or filing
25	of application for disability benefits the deceased or disabled municipal fire fighter

question.

\bigcup	1	had served a total of 10 years as a state, county, or municipal fire fighter and a
	2	qualifying medical examination given prior to the time of his or her joining the
	3	department becoming a state, county, or municipal fire fighter showed no evidence
	4	of cancer, and where the disability or death is found to be caused by cancer, such
	5	finding shall be presumptive evidence that the cancer was caused by such
	6	employment. 3862W
	$\overline{7}$	* b0459/2.1 * Section 3362 893.335 of the statutes is created to read:
	8	893.335 Actions concerning property development rights. (1) In this
	9	section:
	10	(a) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization defined in s. 94.10 (1) (b)
	11	that has jointly pursued or is currently pursuing the acquisition of property
	12	development rights with the state, a state agency, or a political subdivision.
	13	(b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county, or a
	14	department, division board, or other agency of a city, village, town, or county.
	15	(c) "Property development rights" means the holder's nonpossessory interest
	16	in real property imposing any limitation or affirmative obligation the purpose of
	17	which may include retaining or protecting natural, scenic, or open space values of
	18	real property, assuring the availability of real property for agricultural, forest,
	19	recreational, or open space use, protecting natural resources, maintaining or
	20	enhancing air or water quality, preserving a burial site, as defined in s. 157.70 (1) (b),
	21	or preserving the historical, architectural, archaeological, or cultural aspects of real
	22	property.
	23	(d) "Value" means the amount paid for comparable property development
~~	24	rights in an arm's-length sale completed within 12 months before the sale in
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1	(2) (a) A person who sells the property development rights for a period of 30
2	years or longer in real property or his or her heir or devisee shall bring an action
3	within 3 years after the sale of the property development rights to recover the
4	difference between the value of the property development rights and the sale price
5	of those rights or be barred.
6	(b) A person may bring an action under this subsection only if all of the
7	following conditions are met:
8	1. The purchaser is a nonprofit organization, the state, an agency of the state,
9	or a political subdivision.
10	2. The amount paid for the property development rights was at least 5% below
11	the value of the property development rights.
12	(c) If the transfer of the property development rights involved a gift, a person
13	may only recover for the portion of the transfer that was not a gift.
14	(3) The person who has the right to bring an action under sub. (2) may request
15	that the department of justice bring the action on behalf of the person.
16	(4) If the person under sub. (2) or the department of justice under sub. (3) is
17	successful in obtaining a judgment under this section, the court shall include in the
18	judgment compounded interest from the date that the property was sold, using the
19	interest rate charged for delinquent property taxes by the county in which the
20	property is located. 3862×
21	*b0618/1.1* SECTION 3863 893.587 of the statutes is amended to read:
22	893.587 Incest Sexual assault of a child; limitation. An action to recover
23	damages for injury caused by incest an act that would constitute a violation of s.



 $\underline{948.02,\,948.025,\,948.06,\,\text{or}\,\,948.095}$ shall be commenced within 2 $\underline{5}$ years after the

plaintiff discovers the fact and the probable cause, or with the exercise of reasonable

	1	diligence should have discovered the fact and the probable cause, of the injury,
	2	whichever occurs first. This section does not shorten the period to commence an
	3 .	action provided under s. 893.16 (1).
	4	*-1528/8.30* Section 3863. 895.11 of the statutes is created to read:
	5	895.11 Payments under the tobacco settlement agreement. (1) In this
	6	section, "tobacco settlement agreement" means the Attorneys General Master
	7	Tobacco Settlement Agreement of November 23, 1998.
	8	(2) The state's participation in the tobacco settlement agreement is affirmed.
	9	(3) All payments received and to be received by the state under the tobacco
	10	settlement agreement are the property of the state, to be used as provided by law,
	11	including a sale, assignment, or transfer of the right to receive the payments under
)	12	s. 16.63. No political subdivision of the state, and no officer or agent of any political
	13	subdivision of the state, shall have or seek to maintain any claim related to the
	14	tobacco settlement agreement or any claim against any party that was released from
	15	liability by the state under the tobacco settlement agreement.
	16	*-0549/1.19* Section 3864. 895.483 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
	17	895.483 (title) Civil liability exemption; regional and county local
	18	emergency response teams and their sponsoring agencies.
	19	*-0549/1.20* Section 3865. 895.483 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	20	895.483 (2) A county local emergency response team, a member of such a team
	21	and the county, city, village, or town that contracts to provide the emergency response
	22	team to the county are immune from civil liability for acts or omissions related to
)	23	carrying out responsibilities pursuant to a designation under s. 166.21 (2m) (e).
1	24	*-0094/5.13* Section 3872. 905.015 of the statutes is amended to read:

English proficiency, or hearing or speaking impairments. If an interpreter for a person with a language difficulty, limited English proficiency, as defined in s. 885.37 (1g), or a hearing or speaking impairment interprets as an aid to a communication which is privileged by statute, rules adopted by the supreme court, or the U.S. or state constitution, the interpreter may be prevented from disclosing the communication by any person who has a right to claim the privilege. The interpreter may claim the privilege but only on behalf of the person who has the right. The authority of the interpreter to do so is presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

-1855/2.31 SECTION 3873. 908.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

908.08 (1) In any criminal trial or hearing, juvenile fact—finding hearing under s. 48.31 or 938.31 or revocation hearing under s. 302.113 (9) (am), 302.114 (9) (am), 304.06 (3), or 973.10 (2), the court or hearing examiner may admit into evidence the videotaped oral statement of a child who is available to testify, as provided in this section.

-0447/3.7 Section 3879. 938.183 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.183 (3) Except as provided in s. 973.013 (3m), the department shall place a juvenile under 15 years of age who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) in a secured correctional facility or a secured child caring institution. When a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) attains the age of 17 15 years, the department may place the juvenile in a state prison named in s. 302.01. If a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) is 15 years of age or over, the department may transfer the juvenile to the Racine youthful offender correctional facility named in s. 302.01 as provided in s. 938.357 (4) (d). A

1	juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) for an act
2	committed before December 31, 1999, is eligible for parole under s. 304.06.
3	*-0448/3.2* Section 3880. 938.185 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.185 (2) Venue for any proceeding under s. 938.363 or, 938.365, or 938.538
5	(4m) (a) 2. shall be in the county where the dispositional order was issued, unless the
6	juvenile's county of residence has changed, or the parent of the juvenile has resided
7	in a different county of this state for 6 months. In either case, the court may, upon
8	a motion and for good cause shown, transfer the case, along with all appropriate
9	records, to the county of residence of the juvenile or parent.
10	*-0446/2.1* Section 3881. 938.19 (1) (d) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	938.19 (1) (d) 6. The juvenile has violated the terms a condition of
12	court-ordered supervision or aftercare supervision administered by the department
13	or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured
14	correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's
15	participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534.
16	*-0446/2.2* Section 3882. 938.20 (2) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.20 (2) (cm) If the juvenile has violated the terms a condition of aftercare
18	supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of
19	the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child
20	caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive
21	supervision program under s. 938.534, the person who took the juvenile into custody
22	may release the juvenile to the department or county department, whichever has
23	aftercare supervision over the juvenile.
24	*-0446/2.3* SECTION 3883. 938.20 (7) (c) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.20 (7) (c) 1m. In the case of a juvenile who has violated the terms a condition of aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534, to the department or county department, whichever has aftercare supervision of the juvenile.

-0446/2.4 SECTION 3884. 938.20 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (8) If a juvenile is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the reasons for holding the juvenile in custody and of the juvenile's whereabouts unless there is reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the juvenile. If a juvenile who has violated the terms a condition of aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534 is held in custody, the intake worker shall also notify the department or county department, whichever has supervision over the juvenile, of the reasons for holding the juvenile in custody, of the juvenile's whereabouts, and of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21. The parent, guardian, and legal custodian shall also be notified of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21, the nature and possible consequences of that hearing, and the right to present and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing. If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible.

When the juvenile is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, the juvenile shall receive the same notice about the detention hearing as the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. The intake worker shall notify both the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

-0446/2.5 Section 3885. 938.205 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.205 (1) (c) That the juvenile will run away or be taken away so as to be unavailable for proceedings of the court or its officers or, proceedings of the division of hearings and appeals in the department of administration for revocation of aftercare supervision, or action by the department or county department relating to a violation of a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534.

-0446/2.6 Section 3886. 938.208 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.208 (1) (intro.) Probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile has committed a delinquent act and either presents a substantial risk of physical harm to another person or a substantial risk of running away so as to be unavailable for a court hearing or, a revocation hearing for juveniles on of aftercare supervision hearing, or action by the department or county department relating to a violation of a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534. For juveniles who have been adjudged delinquent, the delinquent act referred to in this section may be the act for which the juvenile was adjudged delinquent. If the intake worker determines that

1	any of the following conditions applies, the juvenile is considered to present a
2	substantial risk of physical harm to another person:
3	*-0094/5.14* SECTION 3890. 938.315 (1) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
4	938.315 (1) (h) Any period of delay resulting from the need to appoint a
5	qualified interpreter.
6	*-0446/2.7* Section 3898. 938.355 (6d) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
7	938.355 (6d) (a) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
8	who has been adjudged delinquent and who has violated a condition specified in sub.
9	(2) (b) 7. from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
10	*-0446/2.8* Section 3899. 938.355 (6d) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
11	938.355 (6d) (b) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
12	who has violated a condition of aftercare supervision administered by a county
13	department from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
14	*-0446/2.9* SECTION 3900. 938.355 (6d) (c) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
15	938.355 (6d) (c) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
16	who has been found to be in need of protection or services and who has violated a
17	condition specified in sub. (2) (b) 7. from being taken into and held in custody under
18	ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
19	*-0449/4.6* Section 3902. 938.357 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	938.357 (4) (b) 2. If a juvenile whom the court has placed in a Type 2 child
21	caring institution under s. 938.34 (4d) violates a condition of his or her placement in
22	the Type 2 child caring institution, the child welfare agency operating the Type 2
23	child caring institution shall notify the county department that has supervision over
24	the juvenile and, if the county department agrees to a change in placement under this
25	subdivision, the child welfare agency shall notify the department and the

department, after consulting with the child welfare agency, may place the juvenile in a Type 1 secured correctional facility under the supervision of the department, without a hearing under sub. (1), for not more than 10 days. If a juvenile is placed in a Type 1 secured correctional facility under this subdivision, the county department that has supervision over the juvenile shall reimburse the child welfare agency operating the Type 2 child caring institution in which the juvenile was placed at the rate established under s. 46.037, and that child welfare agency shall reimburse the department at the rate specified in s. 301.26 (4) (d) 2., 3. or 4. or 3., whichever is applicable, for the cost of the juvenile's care while placed in a Type 1 secured correctional facility.

-0447/3.8 Section 3903. 938.357 (4) (d) of the statutes is repealed.

-2174/2.6 Section 3910. 938.532 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.532 (1) PROGRAM. From the appropriations appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (bb) and (hm), the department shall provide a juvenile boot camp program for juveniles who have been placed under the supervision of the department under s. 938.183, 938.34 (4h) or (4m), or 938.357 (4).

-0452/1.1 Section 3914. 938.533 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.533 (2) Corrective sanctions program. From the appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (hr), the department shall provide a corrective sanctions program to serve an average daily population of 136 juveniles, or an average daily population of more than 136 juveniles if the appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (hr) is supplemented under s. 13.101 or 16.515 and the positions for the program are increased under s. 13.101 or 16.505 (2) or if funding and positions to serve more than that average daily population are otherwise available, in not less than 3 counties, including Milwaukee County. The office of juvenile offender review in the department shall evaluate and

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select for participation in the program juveniles who have been placed under the supervision of the department under s. 938.183, 938.34 (4h) or (4m), or 938.357 (4). The department shall place a program participant in the community, provide intensive surveillance of that participant, and provide an average of not more than \$3,000 per year per slot to purchase community—based treatment services for each participant. The department shall make the intensive surveillance required under this subsection available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and may purchase or provide electronic monitoring for the intensive surveillance of program participants. The department shall provide a report center in Milwaukee County to provide on-site programming after school and in the evening for juveniles from Milwaukee County who are placed in the corrective sanctions program. A contact worker providing services under the program shall have a case load of approximately 10 juveniles and, during the initial phase of placement in the community under the program of a juvenile who is assigned to that contact worker, shall have not less than one face-to-face contact per day with that juvenile. Case management services under the program shall be provided by a corrective sanctions agent who shall have a case load of approximately 15 juveniles. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the program.

-0446/2.10 Section 3915. 938.533 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.533 (3) (a) A participant in the corrective sanctions program remains under the supervision of the department, remains subject to the rules and discipline of that department, and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a). Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a juvenile violates a condition of that juvenile's participation in the corrective sanctions program the department may, without a hearing, take the juvenile into custody and place the juvenile in a secured

_)	1	detention facility or return the juvenile to placement in a Type 1 secured correctional
	2	facility or a secured child caring institution. This paragraph does not preclude a
	3	juvenile who has violated a condition of the juvenile's participation in the corrective
	4	sanctions program from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to
	5	<u>938.21.</u>
	6	*-0446/2.11* SECTION 3916. 938.534 (1) (b) 3m. of the statutes is created to
	7	read:
	8	938.534 (1) (b) 3m. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
	9	who has violated a condition of the juvenile's participation in the program from being
	10	taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
	11	*-0448/3.3* Section 3917. 938.538 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
~	12	938.538 (3) (a) 1. Subject to subd. 1m., placement in a Type 1 secured
	13	correctional facility, $\underline{\text{or}}$ a secured child caring institution or, if the participant is 17
	14	years of age or over or 15 years of age or over and transferred under s. 938.357 (4)
	15	(d), a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (5), for a period of not more than 3 years,
	16	unless that period is extended under sub. (4m) (a) 1. or 2. or both.
	17	*-0447/3.9* SECTION 3918. 938.538 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes is amended to
	18	read:
	19	938.538 (3) (a) 1m. If the participant has been adjudicated delinquent for
	20	committing an act that would be a Class A felony if committed by an adult, placement
	21	in a Type 1 secured correctional facility, or a secured child caring institution or, if the
	22	participant is 17 years of age or over or 15 years of age or over and transferred under
	23	s. 938.357 (4) (d), a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (5), until the participant
7	24	reaches 25 years of age, unless the participant is released sooner, subject to a
لمد	25	mandatory minimum period of confinement of not less than one year.

-0447/3.10 Section 3919.	938.538 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to
read:	

938.538 (3) (a) 2. Intensive or other field supervision, including corrective sanctions supervision under s. 938.533, or aftercare supervision or, if the participant is 17 years of age or over, intensive sanctions supervision under s. 301.048.

-0448/3.4 SECTION 3920. 938.538 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.538 (3) (b) The department may provide the sanctions under par. (a) in any order, may provide more than one sanction at a time and, may return a participant to a sanction that was used previously for -a- the participant, and, in returning a participant to the sanction provided in par. (a) 1., may extend the period specified in par. (a) 1. as provided in sub. (4m) (a) 1. or petition the court to extend that period as provided in sub. (4m) (a) 2., or both. Notwithstanding ss. 938.357, 938.363, and 938.533 (3), but subject to sub. (4m) (a) 2., a participant is not entitled to a hearing regarding the department's exercise of authority under this subsection unless the department provides for a hearing by rule.

-0447/3.11 Section 3921. 938.538 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.538 (4) (a) A participant in the serious juvenile offender program is under the supervision and control of the department, is subject to the rules and discipline of the department, and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a). Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a participant violates a condition of his or her participation in the program under sub. (3) (a) 2. to 9. while placed in a Type 2 secured correctional facility the department may, without a hearing, take the participant into custody and return him or her to placement in a Type 1 secured correctional facility, or a secured child caring institution or, if the participant is 17 years of age or over, a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (5). Any intentional

failure of a participant to remain within the extended limits of his or her placement
while participating in the serious juvenile offender program or to return within the
time prescribed by the administrator of the division of intensive sanctions in the
department is considered an escape under s. 946.42 (3) (c).
-0446/2.12 Section 3922. 938.538 (4) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:
938.538 (4) (a) A participant in the serious juvenile offender program is under
the supervision and control of the department, is subject to the rules and discipline
of the department and is considered to be in and 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2

the supervision and control of the department, is subject to the rules and discipline of the department, and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a). Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a participant violates a condition of his or her participation in the program under sub. (3) (a) 2. to 9. while placed in a Type 2 secured correctional facility the department may, without a hearing, take the participant into custody and return him or her to placement in a Type 1 secured correctional facility or a secured child caring institution. Any intentional failure of a participant to remain within the extended limits of his or her placement while participating in the serious juvenile offender program is considered an escape under s. 946.42 (3) (c). This paragraph does not preclude a juvenile who has violated a condition of the juvenile's participation in the program under sub. (3) (a) 2. to 9. from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.

-0448/3.5 SECTION 3923. 938.538 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.538 (4m) EXTENSION OF TYPE 1 PLACEMENT PERIOD. (a) 1. The department may extend the period for which a participant may be placed as described in sub. (3) (a) 1. for an additional period of not more than 30 days. A participant is not entitled to a hearing regarding the department's exercise of authority under this subdivision unless the department provides for a hearing by rule.

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- The department or the district attorney of the county in which the dispositional order was entered may petition the court to extend the period for which a participant may by placed as described in sub. (3) (a) 1. for an additional period of not more than 2 years. The petition shall set forth in detail facts showing that the participant is in need of the supervision, care, and rehabilitation that a placement described in sub. (3) (a) 1. provides and that public safety considerations require that the participant be placed in that placement. The court shall hold a hearing on the petition, unless written waivers of objection to the extension arc signed by all parties entitled to receive notice and the court approves. If a hearing is held, the court shall provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the petition, to the participant, the participant's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, and the district attorney of the county in which the dispositional order was entered at least 3 days prior to the hearing and, at the hearing, any of those persons may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension and make alternative placement recommendations. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the participant is in need of the supervision, care, and rehabilitation that a placement described in sub. (3) (a) 1. provides and that public safety considerations require that the participant be placed in that placement, the court may extend the period for which the participant may be placed as described in sub (3) (a) 1. for an additional period of not more than 2 years.
- 3. An extension of a participant's placement under subd. 1. does not preclude an extension of that participant's placement under subd. 2., and vice versa.
- (b) By the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], the department shall provide notice to all participants in the serious juvenile offender program that a placement under sub.

	1	(3) (a) 1. may be extended under par. (a) 1. or 2. or both. Notwithstanding par. (a) 1.
	2	and 2. and sub. (3) (a) 1., the department may not extend, or petition the court to
	3	extend, the placement under sub. (3) (a) 1. of a juvenile who is a participant in the
	4	serious juvenile offender program on the effective date of this paragraph [revisor
	5	inserts date], based on acts committed by that participant prior to the date on which
	6	the notice under this paragraph is given to that participant.
	7	*-0447/3.12* SECTION 3924. 938.538 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8	938.538 (5) (c) Sections 938.357 and 938.363 do not apply to changes of
	9	placement and revisions of orders for a juvenile who is a participant in the serious
	10	juvenile offender program , except that s. 938.357 (4) (d) applies to the transfer of a
	11	participant to the Racine youthful offender correctional facility named in s. 302.01.
	12	*-0447/3.13* SECTION 3925. 938.538 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
	13	938.538 (6) Purchase of services. The department of corrections may contract
	14	with the department of health and family services, a county department, or any
	15	public or private agency for the purchase of goods, care, and services for participants
	16	in the serious juvenile offender program. The department of corrections shall
	17	reimburse a person from whom it purchases goods, care, or services under this
	18	subsection from the appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (cg) or, if the person for whom
	19	the goods, care or services are purchased is placed in a Type 1 prison, as defined s.
	20	301.01 (5), or is under intensive sanctions supervision under s. 301.048, from the
	21	appropriate appropriation under s. 20.410 (1).
	22	*-0446/2.13* Section 3926. 938.539 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
	23	938.539 (3) Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a juvenile placed in a
~	24	Type 2 child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4d) or 938.357 (4) (c) or in a Type 2
ر	25	secured correctional facility under s. 938.357 (4) (a) or (c) violates a condition of his

1	or her placement in the Type 2 child caring institution or Type 2 secured correctional
2	facility, the juvenile may be placed in a Type 1 secured correctional facility as
3	provided in s. 938.357 (4) (b). This subsection does not preclude a juvenile who has
4	violated a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional
5	facility or a Type 2 child caring institution from being taken into and held in custody
6	<u>under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.</u>
7	*-0447/3.14* Section 3929. 938.992 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	938.992 (3) Notwithstanding s. 938.991 (3) (b), "delinquent juvenile" does not
9	include a person subject to an order under s. 48.366 who is confined to a state prison
10	under s. 302.01 or a person subject to an order under s. 938.34 (4h) who is 17 years
11	of age or over.
12	*-1855/2.32* SECTION 3930. 939.32 (1) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
13	939.32 (1) (title) GENERALLY.
14	*-1855/2.33* SECTION 3931. 939.32 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
15	939.32 (1m) BIFURCATED SENTENCES. (a) Subject to s. 973.01 (2) (d), if the court
16	imposes a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01 (1) for an attempt to commit a crime
17	that is punishable under sub. (1) (intro.), the following requirements apply:
18	1. If the completed crime is a classified felony, the maximum term of
19	confinement in prison is one-half of the maximum term of confinement in prison for
20	the classified felony.
21	2. If the completed crime is not a classified felony, the maximum term of
22	confinement is 75% of the maximum term of imprisonment under sub. (1) (intro.) for
23	an attempt to commit the crime.
24	(b) Subject to s. 973.01 (2) (d), the maximum term of confinement in prison
25	specified under par. (a) may be increased under s. 939.62 (1) or 961.48. If the

1	maximum term of confinement in prison specified in par. (a) is increased under this
2	paragraph, the maximum term of imprisonment under sub. (1) is increased by the
3	same amount.
4	*-1855/2.34* SECTION 3932. 939.32 (2) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
5	939.32 (2) (title) MISDEMEANOR COMPUTER CRIMES.
6	*-1855/2.35* SECTION 3933. 939.32 (3) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
7	939.32 (3) (title) REQUIREMENTS.
8	*-1617/P3.3* SECTION 3934. 939.74 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	939.74 (1) Except as provided in sub. subs. (2), and (2d) and s. 946.88 (1),
10	prosecution for a felony must be commenced within 6 years and prosecution for a
11	misdemeanor or for adultery within 3 years after the commission thereof. Within the
12	meaning of this section, a prosecution has commenced when a warrant or summons
13	is issued, an indictment is found, or an information is filed.
14	*-1617/P3.4* Section 3935. 939.74 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	939.74 (2) (c) A prosecution for violation of s. 948.02, 948.025, 948.03 (2) (a),
16	948.05, 948.06, 948.07 (1), (2), (3), or (4), 948.08, or 948.095 shall be commenced
17	before the victim reaches the age of 31 years or be barred, except as provided in sub.
18	(2d) (c).
19	*-1617/P3.5* SECTION 3936. 939.74 (2d) of the statutes is created to read:
20	939.74 (2d) (a) In this subsection, "deoxyribonucleic acid profile" means any
21	analysis of deoxyribonucleic acid that results in the identification of an individual's
22	patterned chemical structure of genetic information.
23	(b) If the state has evidence of a deoxyribonucleic acid profile of a person who
24	committed a violation of s. 940.225 (1) or (2), the evidence was collected before the
25	time limitation under sub. (1) expired, and comparisons of the evidence to

deoxyribonucleic acid profiles of known persons made before the time limitation		
expired did not result in a probable identification of the person, the state may		
commence prosecution of the person within 12 months after comparison of the		
deoxyribonucleic evidence relating to the violation results in a probable		
identification of the person.		

(c) If the state has evidence of a deoxyribonucleic acid profile of a person who committed a violation of s. 948.02 (1) or (2) or 948.025, the evidence was collected before the time limitation under sub. (2) (c) expired, and comparisons of the evidence to deoxyribonucleic acid profiles of known persons made before the time limits expired did not result in a probable identification of the person, the state may commence prosecution of the person within 12 months after comparison of the deoxyribonucleic evidence relating to the violation results in a probable identification of the person.

b0493/3.6 SECTION 3937j. 940.09 (1d) of the statutes is renumbered 940.09 (1d) (b) and amended to read:

940.09 (1d) (b) If the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations, as counting convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus other convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1), the procedure under s. 346.65 (6) may be followed regarding the immobilization or the seizure and forfeiture of a motor vehicle owned by the person who committed the offense or the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device.

b0493/3.6 SECTION 3937k. 940.09 (1d) (a) of the statutes is created to read: 940.09 (1d) (a) Notwithstanding par. (b), if the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions,

	1	or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1) within a 5-year period, the procedure
	2	under s. 343.301 shall be followed if the court orders that the person's operating
	3	privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating "Class D"
	4	vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device and the court orders the
	5	installation of an ignition interlock device in each motor vehicle titled in the name
	6	of the person or if the court orders that each motor vehicle titled in the name of the
	7	person be immobilized.
	8	* b0493/3.6 * Section 3937m. 940.09 (1d) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001
	9	Wisconsin Act (this act), is renumbered 940.09 (1d) (a) 2.
	10	* b0493/3.6 * SECTION 3937n. 940.09 (1d) (a) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
	11	940.09 (1d) (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., if a person who committed an
	12	offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions,
	13	or revocations, counting convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.25 in the person's
	14	lifetime, plus other convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307
	15	(1), the procedure under s. 343.301 shall be followed if the court orders that the
	16	person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to
	17	operating "Class D" vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device or
	18	if the court orders that the motor vehicle used during the refusal or violation and
	19	owned by the person be immobilized.
	20 .	* b0493/3.6 * SECTION 3937p. 940.09 (1d) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
	21	Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:
	22	940.09 (1d) (b) If the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b),
	23	(c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations, counting
	24	convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus other
	25	convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1), the procedure

under s. 346.65 (6) may shall be followed regarding the immobilization or if the court orders the seizure and forfeiture of a the motor vehicle owned by the person who committed the offense or the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device and used in the violation.

b0493/3.6 **Section 3938j.** 940.25 (1d) of the statutes is renumbered 940.25 (1d) (b) and amended to read:

940.25 (1d) (b) If the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations, as counting convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.09 (1) in the person's lifetime, plus other convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1), the procedure under s. 346.65 (6) may be followed regarding the immobilization or the seizure and forfeiture of a motor vehicle owned by the person who committed the offense or the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device.

b0493/3.6 Section 3938k. 940.25 (1d) (a) of the statutes is created to read: 940.25 (1d) (a) Notwithstanding par. (b), if the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1) within a 5-year period, the procedure under s. 343.301 shall be followed if the court orders that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating "Class D" vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device and the court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device in each motor vehicle titled in the name of the person or if the court orders that each motor vehicle titled in the name of the person be immobilized.

b0493/3.6 Section 3938m. 940.25 (1d) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act (this act), is renumbered 940.25 (1d) (a) 2.

	1	*b0493/3.6* Section 3938n. 940.25 (1d) (a) 1. of the statutes is created to read
	2	940.25 (1d) (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., if a person who committed ar
	3	offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions
	4	or revocations, counting convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.09 (1) in the person's
	5	lifetime, plus other convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307
	6	(1), the procedure under s. 343.301 shall be followed if the court orders that the
	7	person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to
	8	operating "Class D" vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device or
	9	if the court orders that the motor vehicle used during the refusal or violation and
	10	owned by the person be immobilized.
	11	*b0493/3.6* Section 3938p. 940.25 (1d) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
	12	Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:
	13	940.25 (1d) (b) If the person who committed an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b),
	14	(c), or (d) has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations, counting
	15	convictions under sub. (1) and s. 940.09 (1) in the person's lifetime, plus other
	16	convictions, suspensions, or revocations counted under s. 343.307 (1), the procedure
	17	under s. 346.65 (6) may shall be followed regarding the immobilization or if the court
	18	orders the seizure and forfeiture of a the motor vehicle owned by the person who
	19	committed the offense or the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with
	20	an ignition interlock device and used in the violation.
	21	*b0675/2.1* Section 3938u. 943.01 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
	22	943.01 (2) (d) If the total property damaged in violation of sub. (1) is reduced
	23	in value by more than $\$1,000$ $\$2,500$. For the purposes of this paragraph, property
	24	is reduced in value by the amount which it would cost either to repair or replace it,
المس	25	whichever is less.

1	* b0675/2.1 * SECTION 3938v. 943.01 (2g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	943.01 (2g) (c) The total property damaged in violation of sub. (1) is reduced
3	in value by more than \$500 but not more than $$1,000 $2,500$. For purposes of this
4	paragraph, property is reduced in value by the amount that it would cost to repair
5	or replace it, whichever is less, plus other monetary losses associated with the
6	damage.
7	*b0675/2.1* Section 3938w. 943.017 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	943.017 (2) (d) If the total property affected in violation of sub. (1) is reduced
9	in value by more than $$1,000$ $$2,500$. For the purposes of this paragraph, property
10	is reduced in value by the amount which it would cost to repair or replace it or to
11	remove the marking, drawing, writing or etching, whichever is less.
12	*-0857/1.1* Section 3939. 943.20 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	943.20 (1) (e) Intentionally fails to return any personal property which is in his
14	or her possession or under his or her control by virtue of a written lease or written
15	rental agreement, within 10 days after the lease or rental agreement has expired.
16	This paragraph does not apply to a person who returns personal property, except a
17	motor vehicle, which is in his or her possession or under his or her control by virtue
18	of a written lease or written rental agreement, within 10 days after the lease or rental
19	agreement expires.
20	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939b. 943.20 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	943.20 (3) (a) If the value of the property does not exceed \$1,000 \$2,500, is
22	guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
23	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939c. 943.20 (3) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
24	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939d. 943.21 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

	1	943.21 (3) (a) Is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor when the value of any
	2	beverage, food, lodging, accommodation, transportation or other service is \$1,000
	3	<u>\$2,500</u> or less.
	4	* b0675/2.2 * Section 3939e. 943.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
	5	943.21 (3) (b) Is guilty of a Class E felony when the value of any beverage, food,
	6	lodging, accommodation, transportation or other service exceeds \$1,000 \$2,500.
	7	*b0675/2.2* SECTION 3939f. 943.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8	943.24(1) Whoever issues any check or other order for the payment of not more
	9	than $$1,000 \underline{$2,500}$ which, at the time of issuance, he or she intends shall not be paid
	10	is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
	11	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939g. 943.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	12	943.24 (2) Whoever issues any single check or other order for the payment of
	13	more than \$1,000 \$2,500 or whoever within a 15-day period issues more than one
	14	check or other order amounting in the aggregate to more than \$1,000 \$2,500 which,
	15	at the time of issuance, the person intends shall not be paid is guilty of a Class E
	16	felony.
	17	* b0675/2.2 * Section 3939h. 943.34 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	18	943.34 (1) (a) A Class A misdemeanor, if the value of the property does not
	19	exceed $\$1,000 \ \$2,500$.
	20	* b0675/2.2* Section 3939i. 943.34 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
	21	*b0675/2.2* SECTION 3939j. 943.395 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	22	943.395 (2) (a) Is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the claim or
	23	benefit does not exceed \$1,000 \$2,500.
الر	24	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939k. 943.395 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	943.395 (2) (b) Is guilty of a Class E felony if the value of the claim or benefit
2	exceeds $\$1,000 \ \$2,500$.
3	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939L. 943.41 (8) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	943.41 (8) (c) Any person violating any provision of sub. (5) or (6) (a), (b) or (d),
5	if the value of the money, goods, services or property illegally obtained does not
6	exceed \$1,000 \$2,500 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor; if the value of the money,
7	goods, services or property exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$2,500, in a single
8	transaction or in separate transactions within a period not exceeding 6 months, the
9	person is guilty of a Class E felony; or if. If the value of the money, goods, services
10	or property exceeds \$2,500, the person is guilty of a Class C felony.
11	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939m. 943.50 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	943.50 (4) (a) A Class A misdemeanor, if the value of the merchandise does not
13	exceed \$1,000 <u>\$2,500</u> .
14	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939n. 943.50 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
15	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939p. 943.61 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	943.61 (5) (a) A Class A misdemeanor, if the value of the library materials does
17	not exceed \$1,000 <u>\$2,500</u> .
18	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939q. 943.61 (5) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
19	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939r. 943.62 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	943.62 (4) (a) A Class A misdemeanor, if the value of the advance payment or
21	required refund, as applicable, does not exceed \$500 \$2,500.
22	*b0675/2.2* Section 3939s. 943.62 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
23	*-0795/2.1* Section 3940. 943.70 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 943.70
24	(1) (am).
25	*-0795/2.2* Section 3941. 943.70 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:

1	943.70 (1) (ag) "Access" means to instruct, communicate with, interact with,
2	intercept, store data in, retrieve data from, or otherwise use the resources of.
3	*-0795/2.3* Section 3942. 943.70 (1) (gm) of the statutes is created to read:
4	943.70 (1) (gm) "Interruption in service" means inability to access a computer,
5	computer program, computer system, or computer network, or an inability to
6	complete a transaction involving a computer.
7	*-0795/2.4* Section 3943. 943.70 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
8	read:
9	943.70 (2) (a) (intro.) Whoever wilfully willfully, knowingly and without
10	authorization does any of the following may be penalized as provided in par. pars. (b)
11	and (c):
 12	*-0795/2.5* Section 3944. 943.70 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	943.70 (2) (a) 3. Accesses data, computer programs or supporting
14	documentation.
15	*-0795/2.6* Section 3945. 943.70 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
16	943.70 (2) (am) Whoever intentionally causes an interruption in service by
17	submitting a message, or multiple messages, to a computer, computer program,
18	computer system, or computer network that exceeds the processing capacity of the
19	computer, computer program, computer system, or computer network may be
20	penalized as provided in pars. (b) and (c).
21	*-0795/2.7* SECTION 3946. 943.70 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
22	read:
23	943.70 (2) (b) (intro.) Whoever violates this subsection par. (a) or (am) is guilty
 24	of:
25	*-0795/2.8* SECTION 3947. 943.70 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	943.70 (2) (b) 1. A Class A misdemeanor unless subd. any of subds. 2., 3. or to	(
2	4. applies.	
3	*-0795/2.9* Section 3948. 943.70 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:	
4	943.70 (2) (b) 3. A Class D \underline{E} felony if the offense results in damage is greater	
5	valued at more than \$1,000 but not more than \$2,500 or if it causes an interruption	
6	or impairment of governmental operations or public communication, of	
7	transportation or of a supply of water, gas or other public service.	
8	*-0795/2.10* Section 3949. 943.70 (2) (b) 3g. of the statutes is created to read:	
9	943.70 (2) (b) 3g. A Class C felony if the offense results in damage valued at	
10	more than \$2,500.	
11	*-0795/2.11* SECTION 3950. 943.70 (2) (b) 3r. of the statutes is created to read:	
12	943.70 (2) (b) 3r. A Class C felony if the offense causes an interruption or	
13	impairment of governmental operations or public communication, of transportation,	(
14	or of a supply of water, gas, or other public service.	
15	*-0795/2.12* SECTION 3951. 943.70 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:	
16	943.70 (2) (c) If a person disguises the identity or location of the computer at	
17	which he or she is working while committing an offense under par. (a) or (am) with	
18	the intent to make it less likely that he or she will be identified with the crime, the	
19	penalties under par. (b) may be increased as follows:	
20	1. In the case of a misdemeanor, the maximum fine prescribed by law for the	
21	crime may be increased by not more than \$1,000 and the maximum term of	
22	imprisonment prescribed by law for the crime may be increased so that the revised	
23	maximum term of imprisonment is 12 months.	

	1	2. In the case of a felony, the maximum fine prescribed by law for the crime may
	2	be increased by not more than \$2,500 and the maximum term of imprisonment
	3	prescribed by law for the crime may be increased by not more than 2 years.
	4	*-0795/2.13* Section 3952. 944.205 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
	5	944.205 (title) Photographs, motion pictures, videotapes or other
	6	visual representations Recordings showing nudity.
	7	*-0795/2.14* Section 3953. 944.205 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 944.205
	8	(1) (intro.) and amended to read:
	9	944.205 (1) (intro.) In this section, "nudity":
	10	(b) "Nudity" has the meaning given in s. 948.11 (1) (d).
	11	*-0795/2.15* Section 3954. 944.205 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
	12	944.205 (1) (a) "Exhibit" has the meaning given in s. 948.01 (1d).
	13	*-0795/2.16* Section 3955. 944.205 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
	14	944.205 (1) (c) "Recording" has the meaning given in 948.01 (3r).
	15	*-0795/2.17* Section 3956. 944.205 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	16	944.205 (2) (a) Takes a photograph or makes a motion picture, videotape or
	17	other visual representation or reproduction that depicts Records an image of nudity
	18	without the knowledge and consent of the person who is depicted nude while that
	19	person is nude in a place and circumstance in which he or she has a reasonable
	20	expectation of privacy, if the person recording the image knows or has reason to know
	21	that the person who is depicted nude does not know of and consent to the taking or
	22	making of the photograph, motion picture, videotape or other visual representation
	23	or reproduction recording.
	24	*-0795/2.18* Section 3957. 944.205 (2) (b) of the statutes is repealed and
١	25	recreated to read:

1	944.205 (2) (b) Copies, possesses, exhibits, stores, or distributes a recording of
2	an image if all of the following apply:
3	1. The recording was done in violation of par. (a) or was previously copied in
4	violation of this paragraph.
5	2. The actor knows or has reason to know that the violation described under
6	subd. 1. has occurred.
7	3. The person depicted nude in the recording did not consent to the copying,
8	possession, exhibition, storage, or distribution of the recording under par. (b) (intro.).
9	4. The recording depicts the same nudity recorded in violation of par. (a).
10	*-0795/2.19* SECTION 3958. 944.205 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	944.205 (3) Notwithstanding sub. (2) (a) and (b), if the person depicted in a
12	photograph, motion picture, videotape or other visual representation or reproduction
13	recording of an image is a child and the making recording, copying, possession,
14	exhibition, storage, or distribution of the photograph, motion picture, videotape or
15	other visual representation or reproduction recording does not violate s. 948.05 or
16	948.12, a parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child may do any of the following:
17	(a) Make and Record, copy, possess, exhibit, or store the photograph, motion
18	picture, videotape or other visual representation reproduction of the child recording.
19	(b) Distribute a photograph, motion picture, videotape or other visual
20	representation or reproduction made or recording that was recorded, copied,
21	possessed, exhibited, or stored under par. (a) if the distribution is not for commercial
22	purposes.
23	*-0795/2.20* SECTION 3959. 944.205 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	944.205 (4) This section does not apply to a person who receives a photograph,
25	motion picture, videotape or other visual representation or reproduction of recording

	1	of an image depicting a child from a parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child
.1	2	under sub. (3) (b), if the possession and, copying, exhibition, storage, or distribution
	3	are is not for commercial purposes.
	4	*-0795/2.21* SECTION 3960. 944.21 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
	5	944.21 (2) (am) "Exhibit" has the meaning given in s. 948.01 (1d).
	6	*-0795/2.22* SECTION 3961. 944.21 (2) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
	7	to read:
	8	944.21 (2) (c) (intro.) "Obscene material" means a writing, picture, sound
	9	recording or film which, or other recording that:
	10	*-0795/2.23* SECTION 3962. 944.21 (2) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
	11	944.21 (2) (dm) "Recording" has the meaning given in s. 948.01 (3r).
	12	*-0795/2.24* SECTION 3963. 944.21 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	13	944.21 (3) (a) Imports, prints, sells, has in his or her possession for sale,
	14	publishes, exhibits, plays, or transfers distributes any obscene material.
	15	*-0795/2.25* SECTION 3964. 944.21 (4) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended
	16	to read:
	17	944.21 (4) (a) Transfers or Distributes, exhibits, or plays any obscene material
	18	to a person under the age of 18 years.
	19	(b) Has in his or her possession with intent to transfer or distribute, exhibit,
	20	or play to a person under the age of 18 years any obscene material.
	21	*-0795/2.26* SECTION 3965. 944.21 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
	22	944.21 (9) In determining whether material is obscene under sub. (2) (c) 1. and
	23	3., a judge or jury shall examine individual pictures, recordings of images, or
>	24	passages in the context of the work in which they appear.
لمس	25	*-0795/2.27* SECTION 3966. 944.25 of the statutes is created to read:

1	944.25 Sending obscene or sexually explicit electronic messages. (1)
2	In this section:
3	(a) "Electronic mail solicitation" means an electronic mail message, including
4	any attached program or document, that is sent for the purpose of encouraging a
5	person to purchase property, goods, or services.
6	(b) "Obscene material" has the meaning given in s. 944.21 (2) (c).
7	(c) "Sexually explicit conduct" has the meaning given in s. 948.01 (7).
8	(2) Whoever sends an unsolicited electronic mail solicitation to a person that
9	contains obscene material or a depiction of sexually explicit conduct without
10	including the words "ADULT ADVERTISEMENT" in the subject line of the
11	electronic mail solicitation is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
12	*b0408/2.1* Section 3966h. 945.05 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
13	read:
14	945.05 (1) (intro.) Except as provided in subs. (1e) (b) and (1m), whoever
15	manufactures, transfers commercially or possesses with intent to transfer
16	commercially either of the following is guilty of a Class E felony:
17	*b0408/2.1* Section 3966j. 945.05 (1e) of the statutes is renumbered 945.05
18	(1e) (b) (intro.) and amended to read:
19	945.05 (1e) (b) (intro.) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person who
20	manufactures, transfers commercially or possesses with intent to transfer
21	commercially gambling devices described in sub. (1) (a) and (b) to a any of the
22	following:
23	2. A nonprofit or public educational institution that provides an educational
24	program for which it awards a bachelor's or higher degree for the use in a casino
25	gaming management class.